

**General Description**

- Trench Power AlphaMOS ( $\alpha$ MOS™ LV) technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

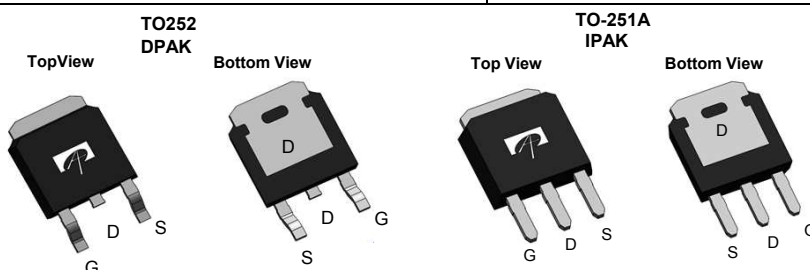
**Application**

- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers, and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS}$	30V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	70A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 3.1m $\Omega$
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$ )	< 4.8m $\Omega$

100% UIS Tested  
 100% Rg Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOD538	TO-252	Tape & Reel	2500
AOI538	TO-251A	Tube	3500

**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	70
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	54
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	280	A
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	34
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	27
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	36	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	65	mJ
$V_{DS}$ Spike	$V_{SPIKE}$	36	V
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	93
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	46
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	6.2
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	4
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> $t \leq 10\text{s}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	15	20	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup> Steady-State		40	50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Case Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.3	1.6	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			1 5	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±20V			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	1.4	1.8	2.2	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		2.5	3.1	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		3.6	4.5	
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		91		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>6</sup>				70	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz		2160		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			915		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			115		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	f=1MHz	0.9	1.8	2.7	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g(10V)</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		30	42	nC
Q <sub>g(4.5V)</sub>	Total Gate Charge			14	20	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			5.1		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			6.3		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =0.75Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		8		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			4		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			29		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			5.5		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time		I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		16.5	
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		34.2		nC

A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub> =25° C. The Power dissipation P<sub>D(SM)</sub> is based on R<sub>θJA</sub> ≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C.

D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

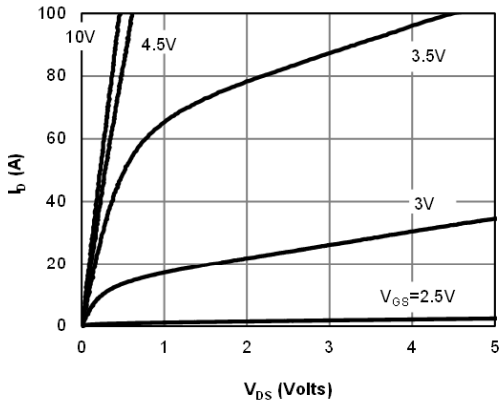


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

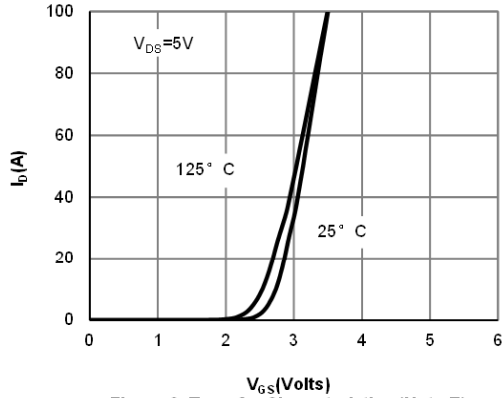


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

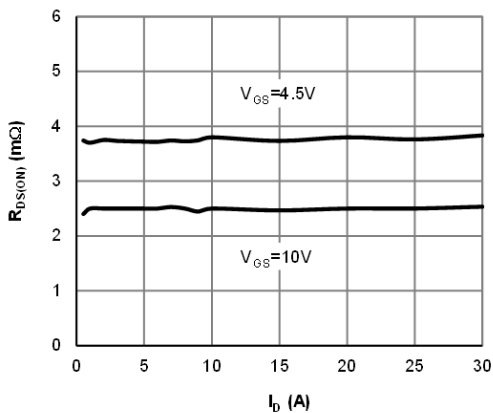


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

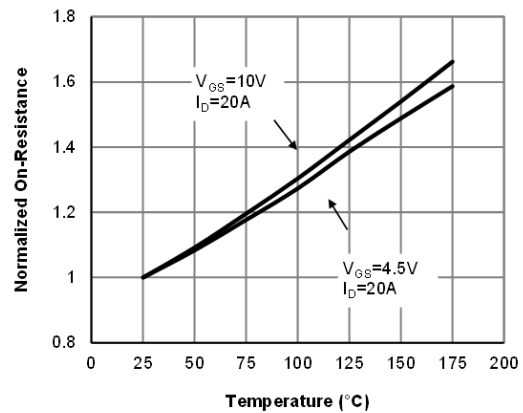


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

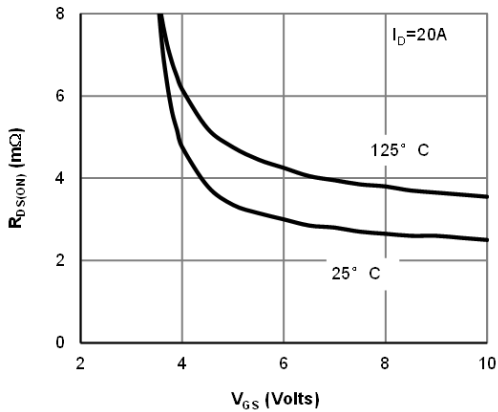


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

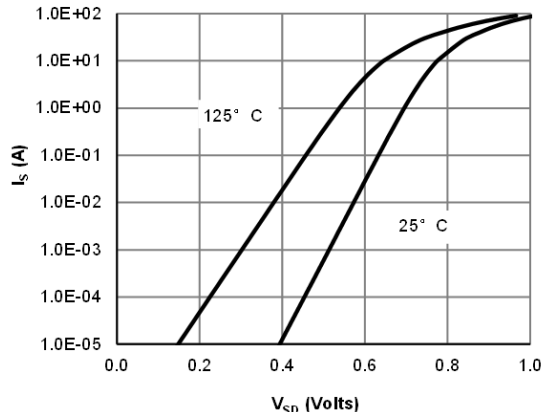
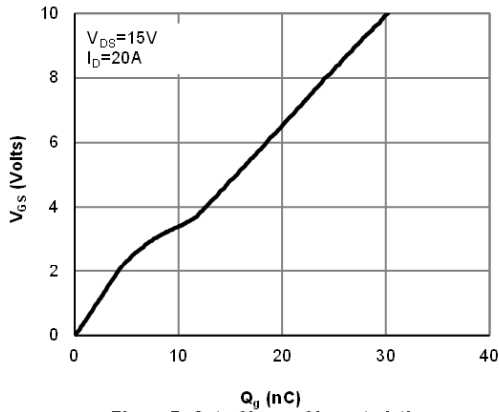
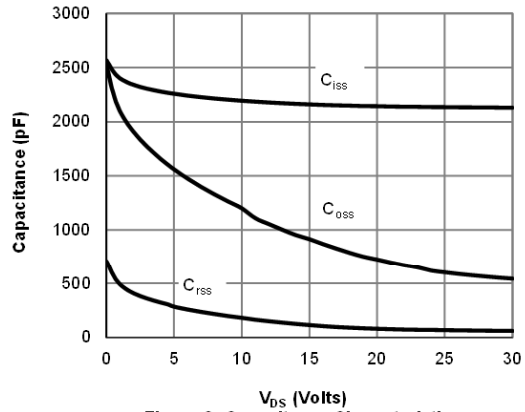


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

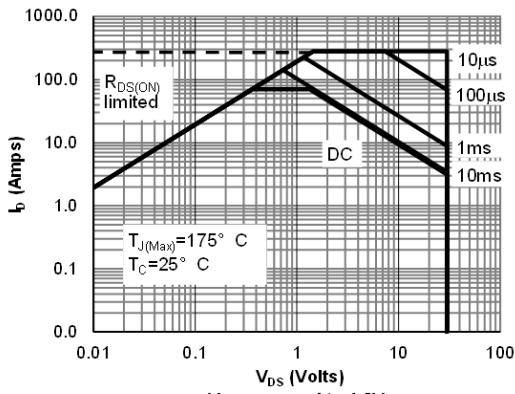
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



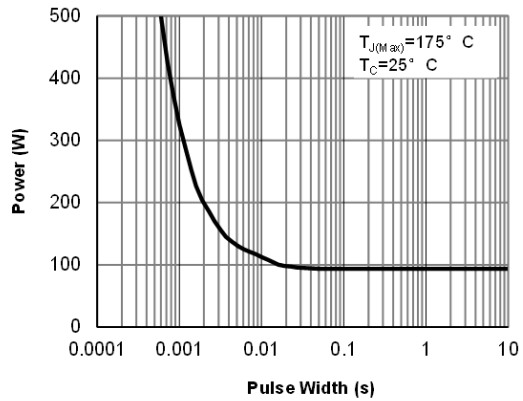
**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**



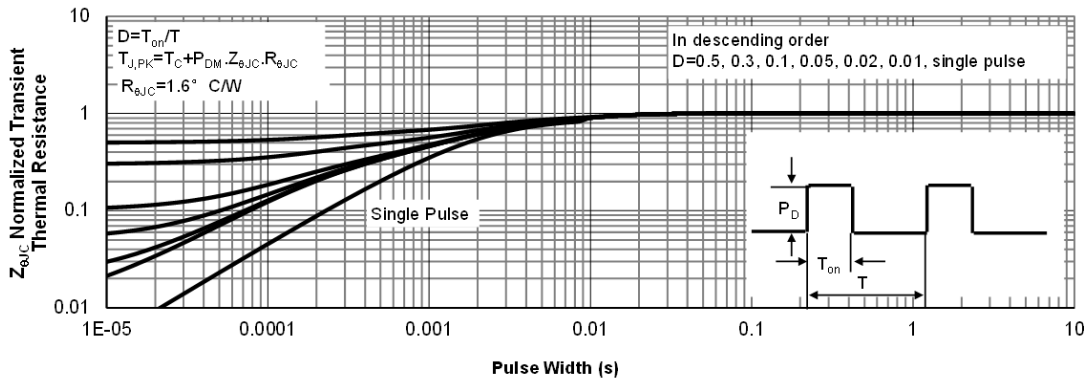
**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**



**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)**



**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)**



**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)**

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

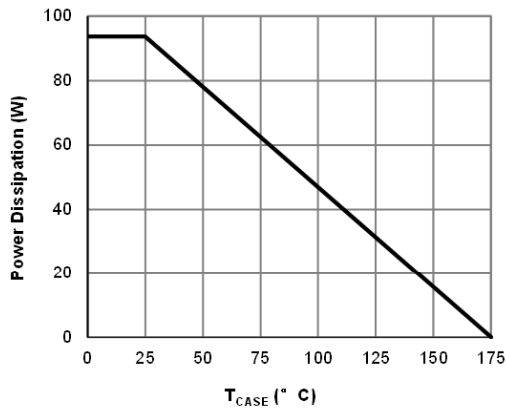


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

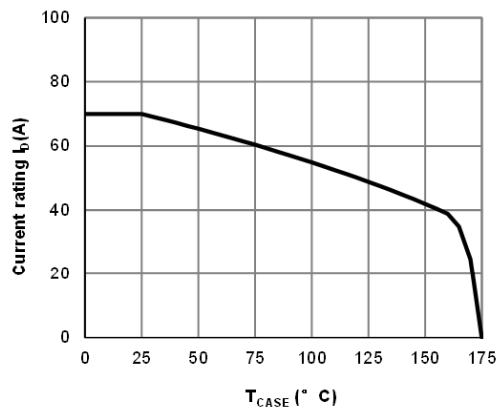


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

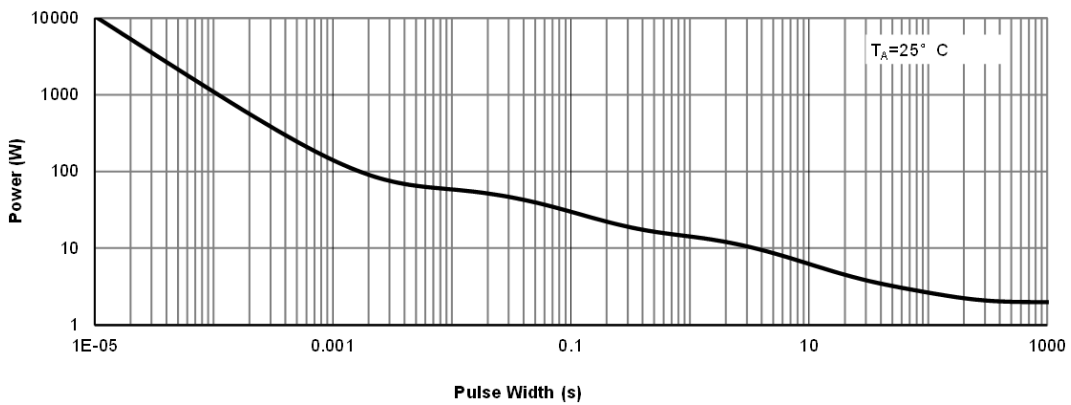


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

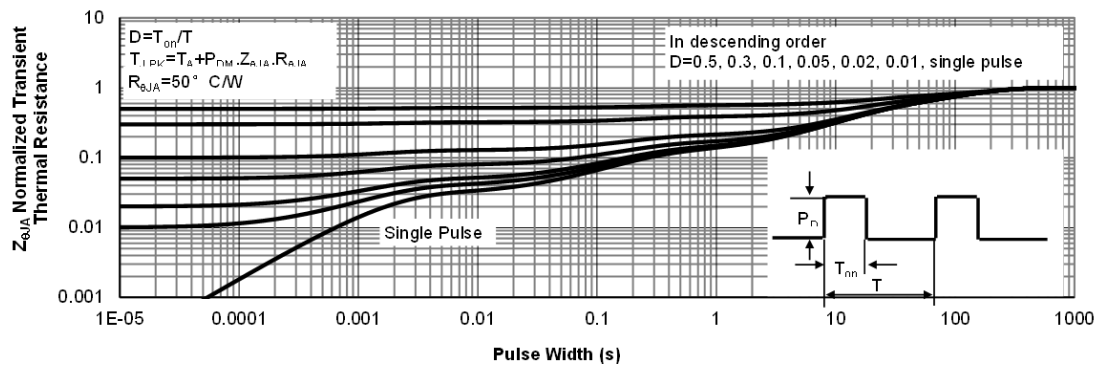
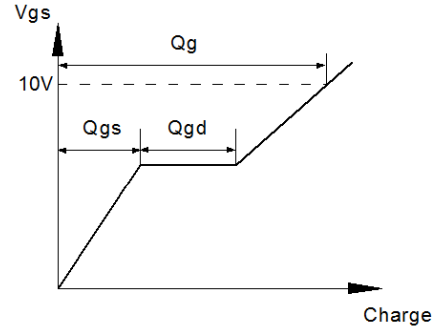
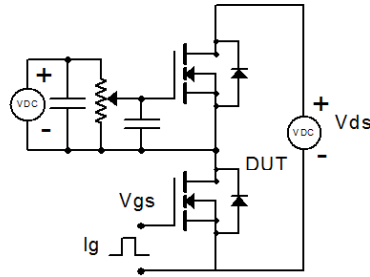
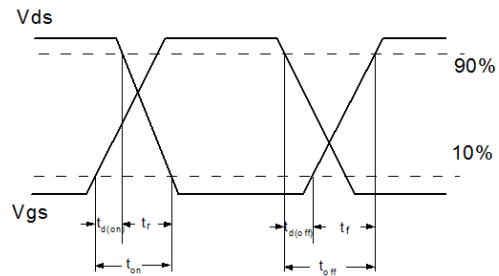
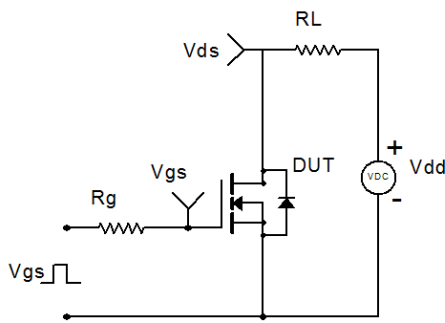


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

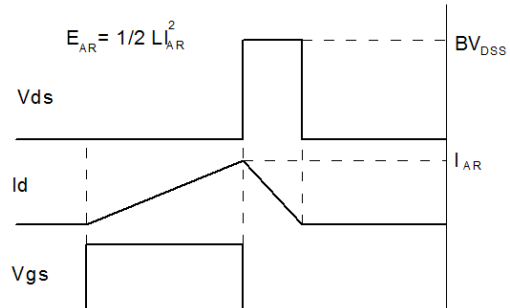
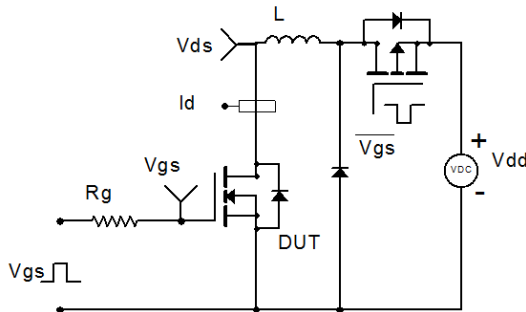
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

