





Figure 1. Physical Photos of AHVA250V2X10MA

### **MAIN FEATURES**

➡ Built-in High Voltage Converter

**○** Compact Size: 176.5(L)×147.0(W)×41.2(H) mm

High Current Capability: Up to 10mA

High Slew Rate: 250V/μs

Wide Output Voltage Range: V<sub>OUT</sub>=0~250V@V<sub>IN</sub>=24V Table 1. Descriptions of Terminal Block Pin Functions Offset Voltage Range: 10V
 Bandwidth: Up to 10kHz
 Weight: 2.2lb (1.0kg)

#### **APPLICATIONS**

High voltage amplifications for driving piezos and other high voltage loads.

### **DESCRIPTION**

The AHVA250V2X10MA is an electronic module for amplifying an analog input voltage into a high voltage output. Figure 1 shows its physical photo. It comes with a high voltage DC-DC converter, which converts the 24V input voltage into a 0 to 250V output voltage. The analog output voltage can swing almost from 0 to 250V when it is powered by a 24V power supply. There is three LEDs indicating if the amplifier works properly.

#### **CAUTION**

First, set up the AC power supply and fix it stably and firmly. Then make sure that the two switches of the high voltage amplifier are OFF. Connect the 24V DC power supply to the VPS and PGND of the high voltage amplifier. After the connection is complete, turn on the low voltage switch and set the input AC voltage or DC voltage. Then use the output monitor to check whether the input set voltage is correct. Finally turn on the high voltage switch.

Pin #	Name	Type	Description
1	VPS	Power Input	Power supply 24V.
2	PGND	Power Ground	Power ground pin.
3	SBDN	Digital Input	This is a duplex pin. It sets the amplifier into Off, Standby or On mode.
4	AGND	Signal Ground	Signal ground pin. Connect ADC and DAC grounds to here.
5	10VR	Analog Output	10V voltage reference.
6	IHVMON	Analog Input	-
7	HVMON	Analog Output	Output voltage indication. When going from 0 to 10V, it indicates the output voltage is from 0 to 250V.
8	OFFSO	Analog Input	Output voltage setting. When going from 0 to 10V, it indicates the output voltage is from 0 to 250V. The pin is controlled by a potentiometer.
9	GND	Signal Ground	Signal ground pin. Connect ADC and DAC grounds to here.

Pin#	Name	Type	Description		
BNC 1	INPUT	Analog Input	Output voltage setting. When going from 0 to 10V, it indicates the output voltage is from 0 to 250V.		
BNC 2	INPUT+DC	Analog Input	INPUT+DC input control signal indication.		
	VOUT	Analog Output	Output voltage for driving the load.		
BNC 3	OGND	Output Ground	Connect this pin to the load return terminal.		

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Table 2. Characteristics (Test ambient temperature  $T_A = 25$ °C)

Parameter	Symbol	<b>Test Conditions</b>	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Power Supply Input			•			
Input Range	$V_{ m VPS}$		23	24	25	V
Input Current	$I_{\rm IN}$		0		4	A
Voltage Output						
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>		0		250	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$		0		10	mA
SBDN Pin (Pin 3)						
	$V_{\mathrm{SBDN-ON}}$		2.64		$V_{VPS}$	V
	V <sub>SBDN-STANDBY</sub>		2.1		2.5	V
	$ m V_{SBDN ext{-}OFF}$		0		0.4	V
	V <sub>SBDN-SB-HI</sub> Going up from Standby to On threshold voltage		2.508		2.64	V
SBDN Voltage	V <sub>SBDN-SB-LOW</sub> Going down from On to Standby threshold voltage		2.5		2.6	V
	V <sub>SBDN-OFF-HI</sub> Going up from Off to Standby threshold voltage				2.1	V
	V <sub>SBDN-OFF-LOW</sub> Going down from Standby to Off threshold voltage		0.4			V
SBDN Current	$I_{\mathrm{SBDN}}$			10	20	μΑ
10VR Pin (Pin 5)						
Voltage Reference	$V_{ m REF}$			10		V
Maximum Input Power				10		W
Maximum Slew Rate				100		V/µs

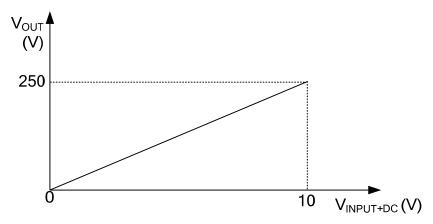
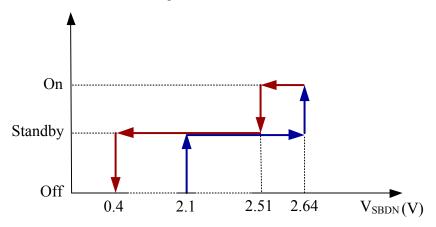


Figure 2. V<sub>OUT</sub> vs. V<sub>VIN</sub>



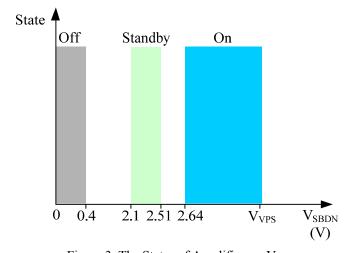


Figure 3. The States of Amplifier vs.  $V_{\text{SBDN}}$ 

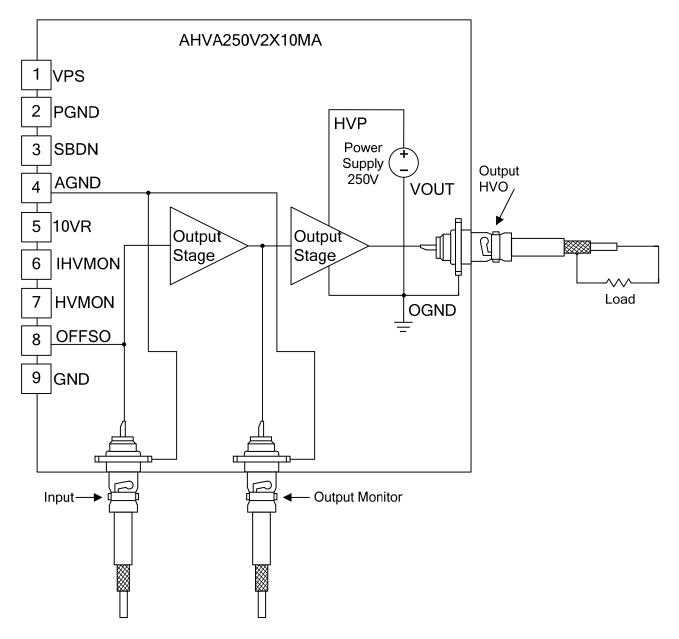


Figure 4. Schematic for Driving the Load

As shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6, when a square wave of  $0V \sim 10V$ , f=100Hz, is applied to AC input pin, measure the waveform of HVO. The rise time should be about  $10\mu s$ , and the fall time should be about  $11\mu s$ .

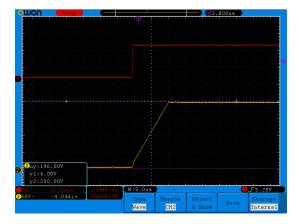


Figure 5. Rise Time

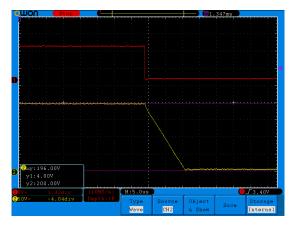


Figure 6. Fall Time

As shown in Figure 7  $\sim$  Figure 10, when a sine wave of  $0V \sim 10V$ , f = 100Hz/10kHz/20kHz/35kHz, is applied to AC input pin, measure the waveform of HVO. Gain=200.

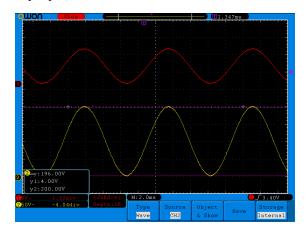


Figure 7. f=100Hz

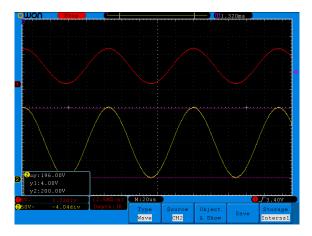


Figure 8. f=10kHz

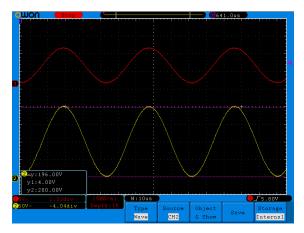


Figure 9. f=20kHz

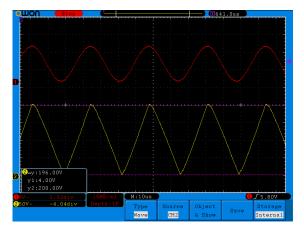


Figure 10. f=35kHz

As shown in Figure 11, when a sine wave of  $0V \sim 10V$ , f=50kHz, is applied to AC input pin, measure the waveform of HVO. Gain=140.

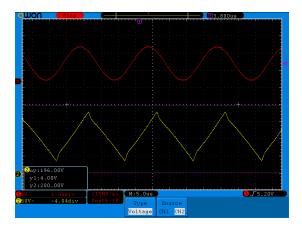


Figure 11. f=50kHz

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

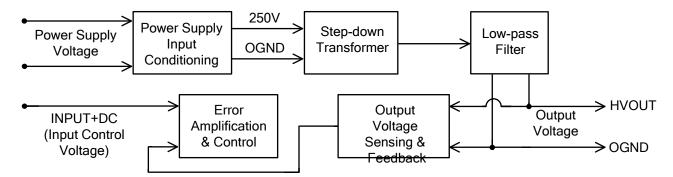
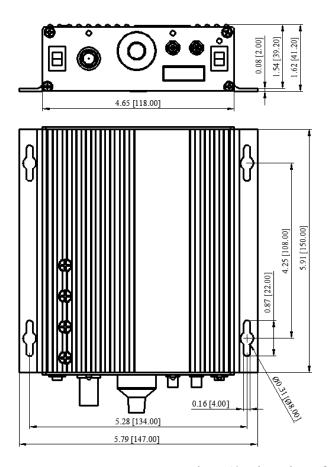
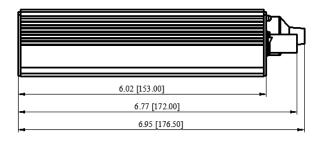


Figure 12. Block Diagram



### **DIMENSIONS**





End View	Side View
Top View	Unit: inch [mm]

Figure 13. Dimensions of AHVA250V2X10MA

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

### Table 3. Part Number

Part Number	Description
AHVA250V2X10MA	250V high voltage amplifier

# High Voltage Amplifier/Piezo Driver



### AHVA250V2X10MA

### **NOTICE**

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